Electric Power Annual 2011 Released: January 2012 Revised: October 2012 Next Update: November 2012

## Table ES1. Summary Statistics for the United States, 1999 through 2010

Description	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Net Generation (thousand megawatthours)												
Coal[1]	1,847,290	1,755,904	1,985,801	2,016,456	1,990,511	2,012,873	1,978,301	1,973,737	1,933,130	1,903,956	1,966,265	1,881,087
Petroleum[2]	37,061	38,937	46,243	65,739	64,166	122,225	121,145	119,406	94,567	124,880	111,221	118,061
Natural Gas[3]	987,697	920,979	882,981	896,590	816,441	760,960	710,100	649,908	691,006	639,129	601,038	556,396
Other Gases[4]	11,313	10,632	11,707	13,453	14,177	13,464	15,252	15,600	11,463	9,039	13,955	14,126
Nuclear	806,968 _	798,855	806,208	806,425	787,219	781,986	788,528	763,733	780,064	768,826	753,893	728,254
Hydroelectric Conventional/51	260 202	272 445	254 021	247 510	200 246	270 221	269 417	275 906	264 220	216.061	275 572	210 526
Conventional[5] Other Renewables[6]	<u>260,203</u> 167,173	<u>273,445</u> 144,279	254,831 126,101[R]	247,510 _ 105,238	289,246 96,525	270,321 87,329	<u>268,417</u> 83,067	275,806 79,487	264,329 79,109	216,961 70,769	275,573 80,906	319,536 79,423
Wind	94,652	73,886	55,363	34,450	26,589	17,811	14,144	11,187	10,354	6,737	5,593	4,488
Solar Thermal and												
Photovoltaic	1,212	891	864	612	508	550	575	534	555	543	493	495
Wood and Wood Derived												
Fuels[7]	37,172	36,050	37,300	39,014	38,762	38,856	38,117	37,529	38,665	35,200	37,595	37,041
Geothermal	15,219	15,009	14,840[R]	14,637	14,568	14,692	14,811	14,424	14,491	13,741	14,093	14,827
Other Biomass[8]	18,917	18,443	17,734	16,525	16,099	15,420	15,421	15,812	15,044	14,548	23,131	22,572
Pumped Storage[9]	5,501	4,627	-6,288	6,896	-6,558	-6,558		-8,535	-8,743	-8,823	-5,539	-6,097
Other[10]	12,855	11,928	11,804[R]	12,231	12,974	12,821	14,232	14,045	13,527	11,906	4,794	4,024
All Energy Sources	4,125,060	3,950,331	4,119,388	4,156,745	4,064,702	4,055,423	3,970,555	3,883,185	3,858,452	3,736,644	3,802,105	3,694,810
Net Summer Generating Capacity (megawatts)												
Coal[1]	316,800	314,294	313,322	312,738	312,956	313,380	313,020	313,019	315,350	314,230	315,114	315,496
Petroleum[2]	55,647	56,781	57,445	56,068	58,097	58,548	59,119	60,730	59,651	66,162	61,837	60,069
Natural Gas[3]	407,028	401,272	<u>397,460[R]</u>	392,876	388,294	383,061	371,011	355,442	312,512	252,832	219,590	195,119
Other Gases[4]	2,700	1,932	1,995	2,313	2,256	2,063	2,296	1,994	2,008	1,670	2,342	1,909
Nuclear	101,167	101,004	100,755	100,266	100,334	99,988	99,628	99,209	98,657	98,159	97,860	97,411
Hydroelectric												
Conventional[5]	78,825	78,518	77,930	77,885	77,821	77,541	77,641	78,694	79,356	78,916	79,359	79,393
Other Renewables[6]	53,886	48,552	38,466[R]	30,069	24,113	21,205	18,717	18,153	16,710	16,101	15,572	15,942
Wind	39,135	34,296	24,651	16,515	11,329	8,706	6,456	5,995	4,417	3,864	2,377	2,252
Solar Thermal and												
Photovoltaic	941	619	536	502	411	411	398	397	397	392	386	389
Wood and Wood Derived	7 027	6 020	6,864	6 704	6 272	6 102	6 190	E 071	E 044	E 000	6 1 4 7	6 705
Fuels[7] Geothermal	<u>7,037</u>	<u>6,939</u> 2,382	0,004 2,229[R]	6,704 2,214	<u>6,372</u> 2,274	6,193 2,285	<u>6,182</u>	5,8712,133	5,844 2,252	<u>5,882</u> 2,216	<u>6,147</u> 2,793	6,795
Other Biomass[11]	2,4054,369	4,317	4,186	4,134	3,727	3,609	<u>2,132</u> - 3,529	3,758	3,800	3,748	3,869	3,660
Pumped Storage[9]	22,199	22,160	21,858	21,886	21,461	21,347	20,764	20,522	20,371	19,664	19,522	19,565
Other[12]	884	888	942	788	882	887	20,704746	684	686	519	523	1,023
All Energy Sources	1,039,137	1,025,400	1,010,171	994,888	986,215	978,020	962,942	948,446	905,301	848,254	811,719	785,927
Demand, Capacity Resources, and Capacity Margins – Summer Net Internal Demand (megawatts)	747,836	713,106	744,151[R]		776,479	746,470	692,908	696,752	696,376	674,833	680,941	653,857
Capacity Resources (megawatts)	924,922	916,449	909,504[R]	914,397[R]	891,226	882,125	875,870	856,131	833,380	788,990	808,054	765,744
Capacity Margins (percent)	19.2	22.2	18.2	16.1	12.9	15.4	20.9	18.6	16.4	14.5	15.7	14.6
Fuel Consumption of Fossil Fuels for Electricity Generation												
Coal (thousand tons)[1] Petroleum (thousand	1,046,795	934,683_	1,042,335	1,046,795	1,030,556	1,041,448	1,020,523	1,014,058	987,583	972,691	994,933	949,802
barrels)[2]	112,615	67,668	80,932	112,615	110,634	206,785	203,494	206,653	168,597	216,672	195,228	207,871
Natural Gas (millions of cubic feet)[3]	7,089,342	7,121,069	6,895,843	7,089,342	6,461,615	6,036,370	5,674,580	5,616,135	6,126,062	5,832,305	5,691,481	5,321,984
Other Gases (millions of Btu)[4]	114,904	83,593_	96,757	114,904	114,665	109,916	135,144	156,306	131,230	97,308	125,971	126,387
Consumption of Fossil Fuels for Thermal Output in Combined Heat and Power Facilities												
Coal (thousand tons)[1] Petroleum (thousand	22,810	20,507	22,168	22,810	23,227	23,833	24,275	17,720	17,561	18,944	20,466	20,373
barrels)[2] Natural Gas (millions of	19,775 _	13,161	12,016	19,775	20,371	24,408	25,870	17,939	14,811	18,268	22,266	26,822
cubic feet)[3] Other Gases (millions of	872,579 _	816,787	793,537	872,579	942,817	984,340	1,052,100	721,267	860,019	898,286	985,263	982,958
Btu)[4] Consumption of Fossil Fuels for Electricity Generation and Useful Thermal Output	214,321	175,671	203,236	214,321	226,464	238,396	218,295	137,837	146,882	166,161	230,082	223,713
Coal (thousand tons)[1] Petroleum (thousand	1,069,606	955,190	1,064,503	1,069,606	1,053,783	1,065,281	1,044,798	1,031,778	1,005,144	991,635	1,015,398	970,175
barrels)[2] Natural Gas (millions of	132,389	80,830	92,948	132,389	131,005	231,193	229,364	224,593	183,408	234,940	217,494	234,694
cubic feet)[3] Other Gases (millions of	7,961,922	7,937,856	7,689,380	7,961,922	7,404,432	7,020,709	6,726,679	6,337,402	6,986,081	6,730,591	6,676,744	6,304,942
Btu)[4]	329,225	259,265	299,993	329,225	341,129	348,312	353,438	294,143	278,111	263,469	356,053	350,100

Table ES1. Summary Statistics for the United States, 1999 through 2010

Description	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Stocks at Electric Power												
Sector Facilities (year end)												
Coal (thousand tons)[13]	151,221	189,467	161,589	151,221	140,964	101,137	106,669	121,567	141,714	138,496	102,296	141,604
Petroleum (thousand	17.000	40.404	44.400	(7.000	54 500	50.000	E4 404	50 470	50.400	F7 004	40.000	F 4 4 0 0
barrels)[14] Receipts of Fuel at	47,203	46,181	44,498	47,203	51,583	50,062	51,434	53,170	52,490	57,031	40,932	54,109
Electricity Generators[15]												
Coal (thousand tons)[1]	1,079,943	981,477	1,069,709	1,054,664	1,079,943	1,021,437	1,002,032	986,026	884,287	762,815	790,274	908,232
Petroleum (thousand barrels)[2]	100,965	88,951	96,341	88,347	100,965	194,733	186,655	185,567	120,851	124,618	108,272	145,939
Natural Gas (millions of		00,951	30,341		100,905	194,755			120,001	124,010	100,272	
cubic feet)[16]	6,675,246	8,118,550	7,879,046	7,200,316	6,675,246	6,181,717	5,734,054	5,500,704	5,607,737	2,148,924	2,629,986	2,809,455
Cost of Fuel at Electricity Generators (cents per												
million Btu)[15]												
Coal[1]	227	221702	207_ 1,087	<u>177</u> 717	<u>169</u> 623	<u>154</u> 644	136	<u>128</u> 433	<u>125</u> 334	<u>123</u>	<u>120</u> 418	122
Petroleum[2] Natural Gas[16]	954509	474	902	711	694	821	<u>429</u> 596	<u>433</u> 539	356	309449	410430	236
Emissions (thousand												
metric tons)												
Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	2,388,662	2,269,508			2,488,918[R]		2,486,982[R]				2,470,834[R]	
Sulfur Dioxide (SO2)	5,401	5,970	7,830	9,042	9,524	10,340	10,309	10,646	10,881	11,174	11,963	12,843
Nitrogen Oxides (NOX) Trade (million	2,491	2,395	3,330	3,650	3,799	3,961	4,143	4,532	5,194	5,290	5,638	5,955
megawatthours)												
Purchases	5,750	5,029	5,613	5,411	5,503	6,092	6,999	6,980	8,755	7,555	2,346	2,040
Sales for Resale	5,929	5,065	5,681	5,479	5,493	6,072	6,759	6,921	8,569	7,345	2,355	1,998
Electricity Imports and Exports (thousand megawatthours)												
Imports	45,083	52,191	57,019[R]	51,396	42,691	43,929[R]	34,210	30,395	36,779	38,500	48,592	43,215
Exports	19,106	18,138	24,198[R]	20,144	24,271	19,151[R]	22,898	23,975	15,796	16,473	14,829	14,222
Retail Sales and Revenue Data – Bundled and Unbundled												
Number of Ultimate												
Customers (thousands)												
Residential	<u>125,718</u> _ 17,674	<u>125,177</u> 17,562	124,937 17,563	<u>123,950</u> 17,377	<u>122,471</u> 17,172	120,761 16,872	<u>118,764</u> <u>16,607</u>	<u>117,280</u> 16,550	116,622	<u>114,890</u> 14,867	<u>111,718</u> 14,349	110,383
Commercial	748	758	775	794	760	734	748	713	602		527	14,072
Transportation	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	NA	NA	NA	NA
Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	1,067	1,030	974	935
All Sectors Sales to Ultimate	144,140	143,497	143,276	142,122	140,404	138,367	136,119	134,544	133,624	131,359	127,568	125,945
Customers (thousand megawatthours)												
Residential	1,445,708	1,364,474	1,379,981	1,392,241	1,351,520	1,359,227	1,291,982	1,275,824	1,265,180	1,201,607	1,192,446	1,144,923
Commercial	1,330,199	1,307,168	1,335,981	1,336,315	1,299,744	1,275,079	1,230,425	1,198,728	1,104,497	1,083,069	1,055,232	1,001,996
Industrial	970,873 7,712	<u>917,442</u> 7,781	1,009,300 7,700	<u>1,027,832</u> <u>8,173</u>	<u>1,011,298</u> 7,358	1,019,156 7,506	<u>1,017,850</u> 7,224	1,012,373 6,810	990,238 NA	<u>996,609</u> NA	1,064,239 NA	1,058,217 NA
Other	<u>NA</u>	NA	NA	<u>NA</u>	<u>,,,,,</u> NA	NA	<u>/,</u> _ NA	<u>0,010</u> NA	105,552	113,174	109,496	106,952
All Sectors	3,754,493	3,596,865	3,732,962	3,764,561	3,669,919	3,660,969	3,547,479	3,493,734	3,465,466	3,394,458	3,421,414	3,312,087
Direct Use	131,910	126,938	132,197[R]	125,670[R]	146,927	150,016	168,470	168,295	166,184	162,649	170,943	171,629
Total Disposition	3,886,403	3,723,803	3,865,159[R]	3,890,231[R]	3,816,845	3,810,984	3,715,949	3,662,029	3,631,650	3,557,107	3,592,357	3,483,716
Revenue From Ultimate Customers (million												
dollars)												
Residential	166,782	157,008	155,433	148,295	140,582	128,393	115,577	111,249	106,834	103,158	98,209	93,483
Commercial	<u>135,559</u> 65,750	132,940	138,469	128,903	62 308	110,522	100,546	96,263	48 336	85,741	78,405	72,771
Industrial Transportation	65,750815	62,504	68,920 827	65,712	62,308_ 702	<u>58,445</u> 643	53,477 519	51,741514	<u>48,336</u> NA	50,293 NA	49,369_ NA	46,846
Other	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	7,124	8,151	7,179	6,796
All Sectors	368,906	353,280	363,650	343,703	326,506	298,003	270,119	259,767	249,411	247,343	233,163	219,896
Average Retail Price (cents per kilowatthour)												
Residential	11.54	11.51	11.26	10.65	10.4	9.45	8.95	8.72	8.44	8.58	8.24	8.16
Commercial	10.19	10.17	10.36	9.65	9.46	8.67	8.17	8.03	7.89	7.92	7.43	7.26
Industrial	6.77	6.81	6.83	6.39	6.16	5.73	5.25	5.11	4.88	5.05	4.64	4.43
Transportation Other	<u>10.57</u> NA	<u>10.65</u> NA	10.74NA	<u>9.7</u> NA	9.54_ NA	8.57	7.18 NA	7.54 NA	<u>NA</u> 6.75	<u>NA</u> 7.2	<u>NA_</u> 6.56	NA 6.35
All Sectors	9.83	9.82	9.74	9.13	8.9	8.14	7.61	7.44	7.2	7.29	6.81	6.64
Revenue and Expense Statistics (million dollars)												
Major Investor Owned												
Utility Operating Revenues Utility Operating Expenses	284,373 _ 250,122	276,124 244,243	298,962 267,263	270,964 241,198	275,501_ 245,589	265,652 236,786	238,759	230,151 201,057	219,609	267,276	233,915 210,250	213,090
Net Utility Operating Expenses Income	34,251	31,881	31,699	29,766	29,912	28,866	31,799	29,094	30,548	32,366	23,665	32,623
Major Publicly Owned (with Generation Facilities)			4 = 4 = 4									

## Table ES1. Summary Statistics for the United States, 1999 through 2010

Description	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Operating Revenues	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	33,906	32,776	38,028	31,843	26,767
Dperating Expenses	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		29,637	28,638	32,789	26,244	21,274
Net Electric Operating												
Income	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	4,268	4,138	5,238	5,598	5,493
Major Publicly Owned												
(without Generation												
Facilities)												
Operating Revenues	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	12,454	11,546	10,417	9,904	9,354
Operating Expenses	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11,481	10,703	9,820	9,355	8,737
Net Electric Operating												
Income	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	974	843	597	549	617
Major Federally Owned												
Operating Revenues	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	11,798	11,470	12,458	10,685	10,186
Operating Expenses	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	8,763	8,665	10,013	8,139	7,775
Net Electric Operating												
Income	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	3,035	2,805	2,445	2,546	2,411
Major Cooperative												
Borrower Owned												
Operating Revenues	NA	42,189	42,087	38,208	36,723	34,088	30,650	29,228	27,458	26,458	25,629	23,824
Operating Expenses	NA	38,337	38,511	34,843	33,550	31,209	27,828	26,361	24,561	23,763	22,982	21,283
Net Electric Operating												
Income	NA	3,852	3,576	3,365	3,173	2,879	2,822	2,867	2,897	2,696	2,647	2,541
Demand-Side Management												
(DSM) Data[17]												
Reductions (megawatts) Total Actual Peak Load Reduction	33,283	31,682	31,735		27,240	25,710	23,532	22,904	22,936	24,955	22,901	26,455
DSM Energy Savings (thousand												
megawatthours)												
Energy Efficiency	86,926	76,891	74,861	67,134	62,951	58,891	52,662	48,245	52,285	52,946	52,827	49,691
Load Management	913	1,015	1,813	1,857	865	1,006	2,047	2,020	1,790	990	875	872
DSM Cost (million												
dollars)												
Total Cost	4,220	0 50 4	3,175	2,523	2,051	1,921	1,557	1,297	1,626	1,630	1,565	1,424
10101 0031	4,220	3,594	5,175	_,•_•	<b>7</b>	,						
[1] Includes anthracite, bituminous	,					002.						
[1] Includes anthracite, bituminous	s, subbituminous a	and lignite coal.	Vaste and synthe	etic coal are inclu	uded starting in 2		uel kerosene p	etroleum coke (c	onverted to liquid	t petroleum, see	Technical Notes	for
	s, subbituminous a	and lignite coal.	Vaste and synthe	etic coal are inclu	uded starting in 2		uel, kerosene, p	etroleum coke (c	onverted to liquid	<u>l petroleum, see</u>	Technical Notes	for_
[1] Includes anthracite, bituminous [2] Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and	s, subbituminous a No. 1, No. 2, and ste oil.	nd lignite coal. NNO. 4 fuel oils), re	Vaste and synthe	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu	uded starting in 2		uel, kerosene, p	etroleum coke (c	onverted to liquid	<u>d petroleum, see</u>	Technical Notes	<u>for</u>
[1] Includes anthracite, bituminous [2] Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was	s, subbituminous a d No. 1, No. 2, and d ste oil. enerators for which	nd lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the	Naste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source.	uded starting in 2 Jel oils and bunke		uel, kerosene, p	etroleum coke (c	onverted to liquid	<u>l petroleum, see</u>	Technical Notes	<u>for</u>
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> </ol>	s, subbituminous a d No. 1, No. 2, and ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf	IND lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy ste gases derived	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source.	uded starting in 2 Jel oils and bunke		uel, kerosene, p	etroleum coke (c	onverted to liquid	<u>l petroleum, see</u>	Technical Notes	<u>for</u>
[1] Includes anthracite, bituminous [2] Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was [3] Includes a small number of ge	s, subbituminous a 1 No. 1, No. 2, and 1 ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pum	Ind lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties.	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels.	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke	er C fuel oil), jet f				<u>l petroleum, see</u>	Technical Notes	for_
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the</li> </ol>	s, subbituminous a <u>t No. 1, No. 2, and t</u> ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of th	No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. s of Wind, Solar 1	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke - - otovoltaic, Wood a	er C fuel oil), jet f	ed Fuels, Geothe	rmal, and Other	Biomass.			
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the Total wood waste solids (inclu</li> </ol>	s, subbituminous a <u>t No. 1, No. 2, and t</u> ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of th	No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. s of Wind, Solar 1	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke - - otovoltaic, Wood a	er C fuel oil), jet f	ed Fuels, Geothe	rmal, and Other	Biomass.			
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the</li> </ol>	s, subbituminous a <u>t No. 1, No. 2, and t</u> ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of th	No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. s of Wind, Solar 1	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke - - otovoltaic, Wood a	er C fuel oil), jet f	ed Fuels, Geothe	rmal, and Other	Biomass.			
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the transformation of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state</li></ol>	s, subbituminous a 1 No. 1, No. 2, and ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of the uding paper pellets	nd lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories s, railroad ties, util	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. of Wind, Solar 1 ity poles, wood c	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu <u>source.</u> from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho thips, bark, and v	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke - - otovoltaic, Wood a vood waste solids	and Wood Derive	ed Fuels, Geothe	rmal, and Other sludge wood, sj	Biomass. pent sulfite liquor	, and other wood	I-based liquids),	and black
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the Total wood waste solids (inclu</li> </ol>	is, subbituminous a i No. 1, No. 2, and i ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of the uding paper pellets e, landfill gas, sludge ty to generate elect	Ind lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories s, railroad ties, util ge waste, agricult tricity from water	Vaste and synthe sidual fuel oil (N primary energy site gases derived ties. of Wind, Solar 1 ity poles, wood o ural byproducts, previously pumpe	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho ships, bark, and w other biomass so ed to an elevated	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke 	and Wood Derive s), wood waste live	ed Fuels, Geothe quids (red liquor, ther biomass gas	rmal, and Other sludge wood, sj ses (including dig	Biomass. pent sulfite liquor gester gases, me	, and other wood	I-based liquids), biomass gases)	and black
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the includes and waste solids (including)</li> <li>Wood/wood waste solids (including)</li> <li>Biogenic municipal solid waste</li> <li>Pumped storage is the capacitic hydroelectric pumped storage factor</li> </ol>	IS, SUBDITUMINOUS A I No. 1, No. 2, and I ste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of the uding paper pellets e, landfill gas, sludge ty to generate elector cility is the net value	Ind lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories s, railroad ties, util ge waste, agricult tricity from water e of production m	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. s of Wind, Solar 1 ity poles, wood o ural byproducts, previously pumpe inus the energy o	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho chips, bark, and w other biomass so ed to an elevated used for pumping	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke - otovoltaic, Wood a vood waste solids blids, other bioma d reservoir and th	and Wood Derive and Wood Derive b), wood waste live ass liquids, and o en released throu	ed Fuels, Geothe quids (red liquor, ther biomass ga ugh a conduit to	rmal, and Other sludge wood, sj ses (including dig turbine generato	Biomass. pent sulfite liquor gester gases, me	, and other wood	I-based liquids), biomass gases)	and black
<ul> <li>[1] Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>[2] Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>[3] Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>[4] Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>[5] Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>[6] Other renewables represents the conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>[6] Other renewables represents the conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>[7] Wood/wood waste solids (inclu liquor.</li> <li>[8] Biogenic municipal solid waste</li> <li>[9] Pumped storage is the capacithe hydroelectric pumped storage facition</li> <li>[10] Non-biogenic municipal solid</li> </ul>	Is, subbituminous a to No. 1, No. 2, and iste oil. enerators for which is, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of the uding paper pellets e, landfill gas, sludg ty to generate electro- cility is the net value I waste, batteries, c	Ind lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories a, railroad ties, util ge waste, agricult tricity from water e of production m chemicals, hydrog	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. of Wind, Solar T ity poles, wood c ural byproducts, previously pumpe inus the energy u en, pitch, purcha	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho ships, bark, and v other biomass so ed to an elevated used for pumping used steam, sulfu	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke 	er C fuel oil), jet f and Wood Derive a), wood waste liv ass liquids, and o en released throu	ed Fuels, Geothe quids (red liquor, ther biomass gas ugh a conduit to reous technologic	rmal, and Other sludge wood, sj ses (including dig turbine generato	Biomass. pent sulfite liquor gester gases, me rs located at a lo	, and other wood thane, and other wer level. The g	I-based liquids), biomass gases) eneration from a	and black
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of get</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents th</li> <li>Wood/wood waste solids (inclu liquor.</li> <li>Biogenic municipal solid waste</li> <li>Pumped storage is the capacit hydroelectric pumped storage faci</li> <li>Non-biogenic municipal solid</li> <li>Non-biogenic municipal solid</li> </ol>	IS, SUBDITUMINOUS A I No. 1, No. 2, and I Ste oil. Inerators for which IS, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of the uding paper pellets E, landfill gas, sludge ty to generate elect Sility is the net value I waste, batteries, c I gas, sludge waste	Ind lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories s, railroad ties, util ge waste, agricult tricity from water e of production m chemicals, hydrog e, agricultural byp	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. of Wind, Solar 1 ity poles, wood c ural byproducts, previously pumpe inus the energy u en, pitch, purcha roducts, other bio	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho ships, bark, and w other biomass so ed to an elevated used for pumping used steam, sulfu pmass solids, oth	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke 	er C fuel oil), jet f and Wood Derive a), wood waste liv ass liquids, and o en released throu	ed Fuels, Geothe quids (red liquor, ther biomass gas ugh a conduit to reous technologic	rmal, and Other sludge wood, sj ses (including dig turbine generato	Biomass. pent sulfite liquor gester gases, me rs located at a lo	, and other wood thane, and other wer level. The g	I-based liquids), biomass gases) eneration from a	and black
<ol> <li>Includes anthracite, bituminous</li> <li>Distillate fuel oil (all diesel and conversion methodology) and was</li> <li>Includes a small number of gei</li> <li>Blast furnace gas, propane gas</li> <li>Conventional hydroelectric pov</li> <li>Other renewables represents the transformation of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the the solid state of the solid state of the solid state of the the solid state of the sol</li></ol>	IS, SUBDITUMINOUS A I No. 1, No. 2, and I Ste oil. Inerators for which IS, and other manuf wer excluding pump the summation of the uding paper pellets E, landfill gas, sludge ty to generate elect Sility is the net value I waste, batteries, c I gas, sludge waste en, pitch, purchase	Ind lignite coal. No. 4 fuel oils), re Waste heat is the factured and was ped storage facili he sub-categories s, railroad ties, util ge waste, agricult tricity from water e of production m chemicals, hydrog e, agricultural byp ed steam, sulfur, ti	Vaste and synthe esidual fuel oil (N primary energy s te gases derived ties. of Wind, Solar T ity poles, wood o ural byproducts, previously pumpe inus the energy u en, pitch, purcha roducts, other bio re-derived fuels a	etic coal are inclu lo. 5 and No. 6 fu source. from fossil fuels. Thermal and Pho ships, bark, and w other biomass so ed to an elevated used for pumping used steam, sulfu pmass solids, oth and miscellaneou	uded starting in 2 uel oils and bunke 	er C fuel oil), jet f and Wood Derive a), wood waste liv ass liquids, and o en released throu	ed Fuels, Geothe quids (red liquor, ther biomass gas ugh a conduit to reous technologic	rmal, and Other sludge wood, sj ses (including dig turbine generato	Biomass. pent sulfite liquor gester gases, me rs located at a lo	, and other wood thane, and other wer level. The g	I-based liquids), biomass gases) eneration from a	and black

conversion methodology). Data prior to 2004 includes small quantities of waste oil.

[15] For 2002 through 2007, includes data from the Form EIA-423 for independent power producers, and commercial and industrial power-producing facilities. Beginning in 2008, data are collected on the Form EIA-923 for utilities, independent power producers, and commercial and industrial power-producing facilities. Reciepts, cost, and quality data are collected from plants above a 50 MW threshold, and imputed for plants between 1 and 50 MW. Therefore, there may be a notable increase in fuel reciepts beginning with 2008 data. Receipts of coal include imported coal.
[16] Natural gas, including a small amount of supplemental gaseous fuels that cannot be identified separately.

reg natural gue, molading a cinal another of supplemental guessede facie that cannot be identified separately.

[17] Data presented are reflective of large utilities.

NA = Not available.

R = Revised.

**Note:** See Glossary reference for definitions. See Technical Notes Table A5 for conversion to different units of measure. Capacity by energy source is based on the capacity associated with the energy source reported as the most predominant (primary) one, where more than one energy source is associated with a generator. Dual-fired capacity returned to respective fuel categories for current and all historical years. New fuel switchable capacity tables have replaced dual-fired breakouts. Totals may not equal sum of components because of independent rounding.

**Sources:** U.S. Energy Information Administration Form EIA-411, "Coordinated Bulk Power Supply Program Report," Form EIA-412, "Annual Electric Industry Financial Report" The Form EIA-412 was terminated in 2003; Form EIA-767, "Steam-Electric Plant Operation and Design Report" was suspended; Form EIA-860, "Annual Electric Generator Report," Form EIA-861, "Annual Electric Power Industry Report," Form EIA-923, "Power Plant Operations Report" replaces several form(s) including: Form EIA-906, "Power Plant Report," Form EIA-920 "Combined Heat and Power Plant Report," Form EIA-423, "Monthly Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants Report; and FERC Form 423, "Monthly Report of Cost and Quality of Fuels for Electric Plants," and their predecessor forms. Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, FERC Form 1, "Annual Report of Major Utilities, Licensees and Others;" FERC Form 1-F, "Annual Report for Nonmajor Public Utilities and Licensees;" Rural Utilities Service (RUS) Form 7, "Operating Report;" RUS Form 12, "Operating Report;" Imports and Exports: DOE, Office of Electricity Delivery and Energy Reliability, Form OE-781R, " Annual Report of International Electric Export/Import Data," predecessor forms, and National Energy Board of Canada. For 2001 forward, data from the California Independent System Operator are used in combination with the Form OE-781R values to estimate electricity trade with Mexico.